

تقدم لجنة EiCoM الأكاديمية

تلخيص لمختبر:

أنظمة مضمنة

Embedded system

Internal Lab (Emb)

`#include "P16F84A.inc"` → مكتبة من خلالها نغير الاسم
اسم ال reg ببال ال address تايه

`Cblock 0x20`

`X1`

`X2`

`endc`

→ من خلالها يعرف Variable بغير

أستعملها داخل ال Code لكي

يكتب تبالش من ال address بال ال بكرة

address { 0x20 ← X1
Variable ال { 0x21 ← X2

`N1 equ H'20'`

`N1 → 20` in Hexa

هون يعرف Constant ال اسم

وصية بتاغير اسم ال equ

`org 0x00`

→ هون من خلال org نحدد لدرس

معين بحيث أي inst بعدها روح تنفذ

من عند ال address بال ال مكتبة

`Banksel TRISA`

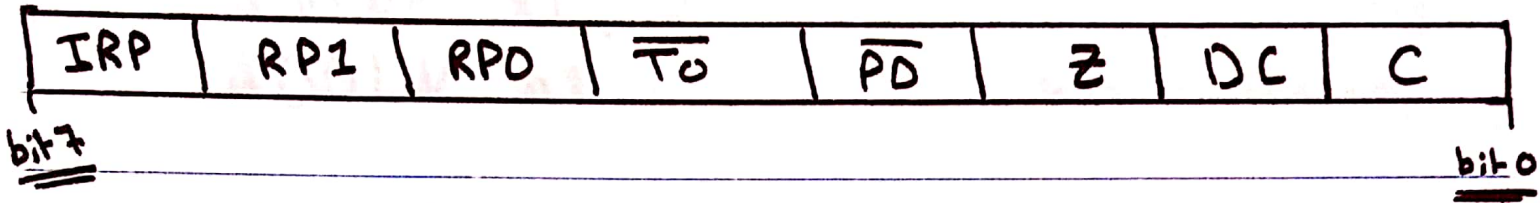
→ Banksel بتغير من Bank لآخر
هون بنقلنا ل Bank1

`Banksel PORTA`

→ هون بنقلنا
ل Bank0

من طريقة كتابة اسم reg
موجود في ال Bank
بال بدي أروح عليه

STATUS reg:-



ہر flag اس bit کے 8bit الی reg کے اس bit پر

$\overline{TO} \rightarrow 1$
 $\overline{PD} \rightarrow 1$

} always

Z $\rightarrow$ Zero flag $\begin{cases} 0 \\ 1 \rightarrow \text{set} \end{cases}$

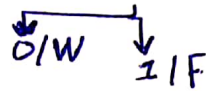
C $\rightarrow$ Carry flag $\rightarrow$ C
 DC $\rightarrow$ Digit flag $\rightarrow$ D

carry جو
 Digit جو

Digit جو

RP0 $\begin{cases} 0 \rightarrow \text{Bank 0} \\ 1 \rightarrow \text{Bank 1} \end{cases}$

* destination



ADDWF X1, 0

$$wreg = X1 + wreg$$

ADDLW n1

$$wreg = wreg + \underline{n1}_{constant}$$

ANDWF X1, 1

$$X1 = wreg \cdot X1$$

ANDLW n1

$$wreg = wreg \cdot \underline{n1}_{constant}$$

CLRF X1

بميزان الصفرية إلى 0

CLRWF

بميزان الصفرية إلى 0

COMF X1, 1

عكس القيمة complement 1's بقلب كل 0 إلى 1 و 1 إلى 0

DECF X1, 1

$$X1 = X1 - 1$$

INCF X1, 1

$$X1 = X1 + 1$$

* DECFSZ X1, 1 $\Rightarrow$ $X1 = X1 - 1$ وبعد ما تنقضي تتحقق إذا 1 = Zflag

* INCFSZ X1, 1 $\Rightarrow$ نفس الشيء بـ 1 $X1 = X1 + 1$ يتحقق skip على next inst

وبعد ما يتحقق Zflag

IORWF X1, 1

$$X1 = X1 + wreg$$

IORLW n1

$$wreg = wreg + \underline{n1}_{constant}$$

XORWF X1, 1

$$X1 = X1 \oplus wreg$$

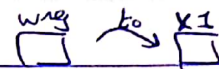
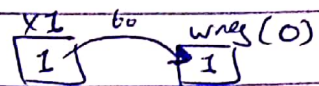
XORLW n1

$$wreg = wreg \oplus \underline{n1}$$

MOVF X1, 0

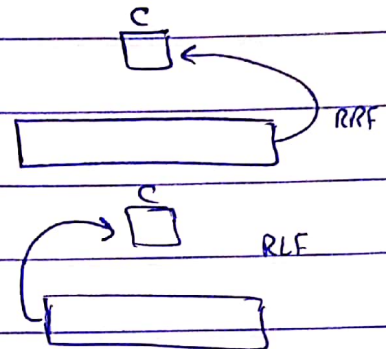
MOVWF X1

MOVLW n1



RLF X1, 1

RRF X1, 1



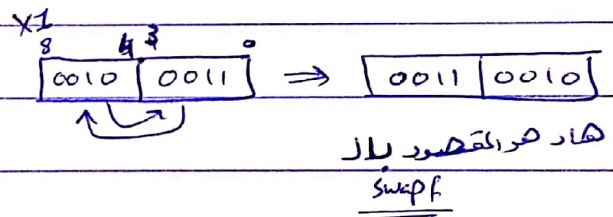
SUBWF X1, 1

SUBLW n1

$$X1 = X1 - WREG$$

$$WREG = n1 - WREG$$

SWAPF X1, 1



NOP

No operation
(لا تغيير في قيمة أي reg)

BTFSC X1, 0 → **رقم البت** إذا كان البت 0 يتخطى instruction التالية
BTFSS X1, 1 → إذا كان البت 1 يتخطى instruction التالية

GOTO Label

يتنقل إلى Label (address)

CALL Label

هذه instruction هي مجموعة من instructions

RETURN

يتم العودة إلى Subroutine

RETLW n1

يتم العودة إلى Subroutine مع القيمة n1 في WREG

Ex:-

— $R = V1 * 5$

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x30
```

```
R
```

```
V1
```

```
Counter
```

```
endc
```

```
org 0x00
```

```
movlw d'15250'
```

```
movwf Counter
```

```
clrw
```

Again

```
Addwf V1, 0
```

```
DECFSZ Counter, 1
```

goto Again

```
Movwf R
```

```
end
```

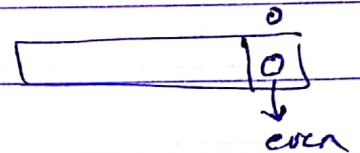

Ex:

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x20
```

```
    VI
```

```
endc
```



1 في 1 ← BTFSS VI, 0 → 0 bit
skip next ins

```
    goto L1
```

```
    goto L2
```

```
L1
```

```
    movlw 0
```

```
    goto finish
```

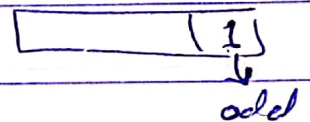
```
L2
```

```
    movlw 1
```

```
finish
```

```
    nop
```

```
    end
```



Ex:-

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x20
```

```
    X1
```

```
    X2
```

```
    X3
```

```
    var
```

```
endc
```

```
Movf X1, 0
```

```
Subwf X2, 0    →  $X_2 - X_1$ 
```

```
Movwf X3
```

```
btfss X3, 0
```

```
    goto L1
```

```
    goto L2
```

L2

```
Movlw b'1111 1111'
```

```
Movwf var
```

```
goto finish
```

L1

```
Movlw b'0000 0000'
```

```
Movwf var
```

```
finish
```

```
nop
```

```
end
```


Ex:

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
Cblock 0x30
```

```
Var1
```

```
Var2
```

```
Var3
```

```
endc
```

```
Movlw 10
```

```
Movwf Var1
```

```
Movlw 13
```

```
Movwf Var2
```

```
Movf Var1, 0
```

```
Movwf Var3
```

```
Movf Var2, 0
```

```
Movwf Var1
```

```
Movf Var3, 0
```

```
Movwf Var2
```

```
nop
```

```
end
```

- look up table

Subroutine ہر نوي صا اٹواري

Call namesubroutine پير استعمال کيا جاتا

special return لانا کيا جاتا پيرها (انہ) کي special return کي

← کي عبارت کي

→ کي پير جو پير

return

* انا کي

- block of data that is held in the program mem

- used to retrieve values depending on the input they

receive کي پير جو Value input کي پير جو

MOVLW 3

CALL MylookUpTable

before call the lookup table $W = 3$

assume that this lookup table
start from the location 100

address .

100 MylookUpTable

addwf PCL, F

PCL store the address of the next
instruction to be executed .

$PCL = PCL + W$

101 0 nop

$PCL = 101 + 3 = 104$

102 1 retlw 0x0A

103 2 retlw b '10011110'

before return from
subroutine , w becomes 23

104 3 retlw 23

105 4 retlw 18

106 5 retlw 54



index = w reg

Index	Value
1	0A
2	9E
3	23
4	18
5	54

Ex:-

— $R = V1 * 5$

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x30
```

```
    R
```

```
    V1
```

```
    Counter
```

```
endc
```

```
org 0x00
```

```
    movlw d'15250
```

```
    movwf Counter
```

```
    elrw
```

Again

```
    addwf V1, 0
```

```
    DECFSZ Counter, 1
```

goto Again

```
    movwf R
```

```
end
```

Ex:

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x20
```

```
    VI
```

```
endc
```

1 ← Bfss VI, 0
skip if next ins
goto L1

```
goto L2
```

```
L1
```

```
    movlw 0
```

```
    goto Finish
```

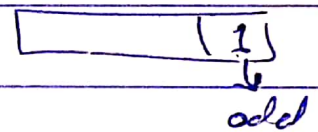
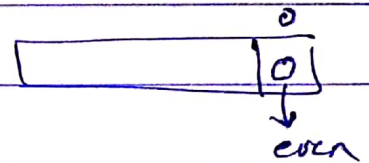
```
L2
```

```
    movlw 1
```

```
Finish
```

```
    nop
```

```
    endc
```



Ex:-

```
#include "P16F84A.inc"
```

```
cblock 0x20
```

```
    X1
```

```
    X2
```

```
    X3
```

```
    var
```

```
endc
```

```
MovF X1, 0
```

```
SubWF X2, 0    →  $X_2 - X_1$ 
```

```
MovWF X3
```

```
btfss X3, 0
```

```
    goto L1
```

```
    goto L2
```

```
L2
```

```
    Movlw b'1111 1111'
```

```
    MovWF var
```

```
    goto finish
```

```
L1
```

```
    Movlw b'0000 0000'
```

```
    MovWF var
```

```
finish
```

```
    nop
```

```
end
```

Ex:

```
#include "P26F84A.inc"
```

```
Cblock 0x30
```

```
Var1
```

```
Var2
```

```
Var3
```

```
endc
```

```
Movlw 10
```

```
Movwf Var1
```

```
Movlw 13
```

```
Movwf Var2
```

```
Movf Var1, 0
```

```
Movwf Var3
```

```
Movf Var2, 0
```

```
Movwf Var1
```

```
Movf Var3, 0
```

```
Movwf Var2
```

```
nop
```

```
end
```

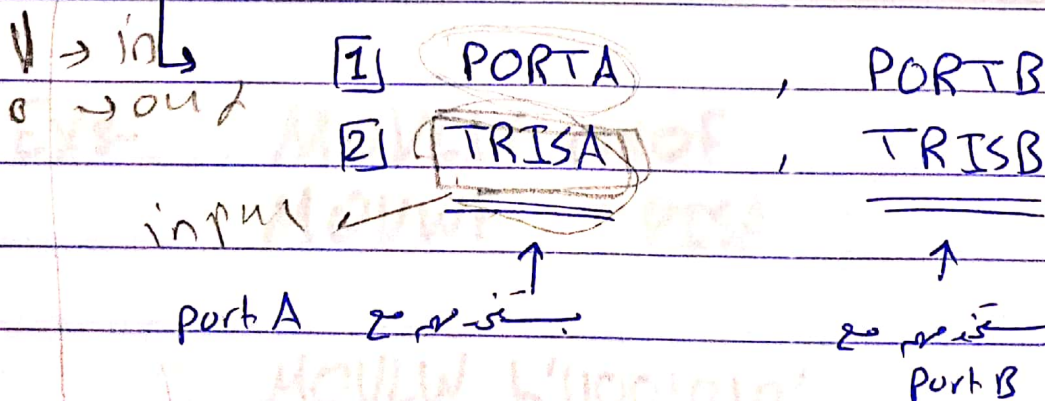

OSC1/CLKIN	RA0
OSC2/CLKOUT	RA1
	RA2
$\overline{MCLR}$	RA3
	RA4/T0CK1
	RB0/INT
	RB1
	RB2
	RB3
	RB4
	RB5
	RB6
	RB7

port A =
4 pins

Port B =
8 pins

P16F84A

* ٢٦ ان أقدر أتعامل مع ال pins عنى two important reg



TRIS X



من فلا و بعد كل pin اذا كان input أو output

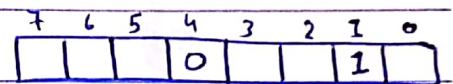
PORT X



نستخدم كتابة أو قراءة من و إلى pin port

1 (High) → input pin

0 (Low) → output pin



TRISB4 is output RB4 pin
TRISB1 is input RB1 pin

+ LEDs, 7-Segment, motors, LCDs (write)

هي عبارة عن output Microcontroller's

+ switches, push buttons, sensors, keypad, LCDs (read)

هي عبارة عن input Microcontroller's

Exs- MOVLW 0x0F
MOVWF TRISA

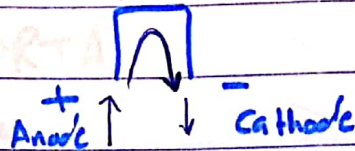
01111

(RA0-RA3) is input
RA4 is output

MOVLW b'11001010'
MOVWF TRISB

RB1, 3, 6, 7 is input
RB0, 2, 4, 5 is output

- LED

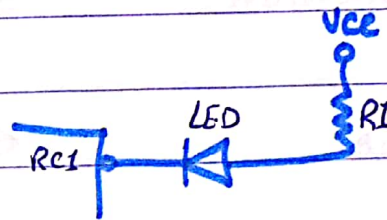


جھڑی لا تنقل current

من + إلى -

لدرجہ تر وصل مع ال LED resistance ← لا تتجاوز قيمتها ال (220Ω to 1KΩ) burn ال LED من ال

clr TRISA
بتریزو لا
000000



Ex:-

```
#include "PIC84A.inc"
```

```
Cblock 0x30
```

```
V1
```

```
V2
```

```
endc
```

RA0, 1, 2, 3, 4 → output

```
org 0x00
```

```
Bankset TRISA
```

```
Movlw 0x00
```

```
Movwf TRISA
```

```
Bankset PORTA
```

انتقل ل Bank1

مخرج 0

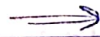
ال pin لا يفر output

انتقل ل Bank0

Display

Label

Movlw 2
 Movwf PORTA
 Call delay



3	2	1	0
0	0	1	0



Subroutine

Movlw 9
 Movwf PORTA
 Call delay



3	2	1	0
1	0	0	1



Subroutine

goto display



Label

- Delay

Movlw 0xFF
 Movwf V1
 Movwf V2
 Decfsz V1, 1
 goto loop2

Loop2

Decfsz V2, 1
 goto loop2
 Return

Subroutine

و حقيقةً بعد Delay
 الرقم 2 يكون سريعاً

Delay

Movf PORTA, 0

مجان أخذ
 قيمة الـ input
 في TRISA

nop
 end

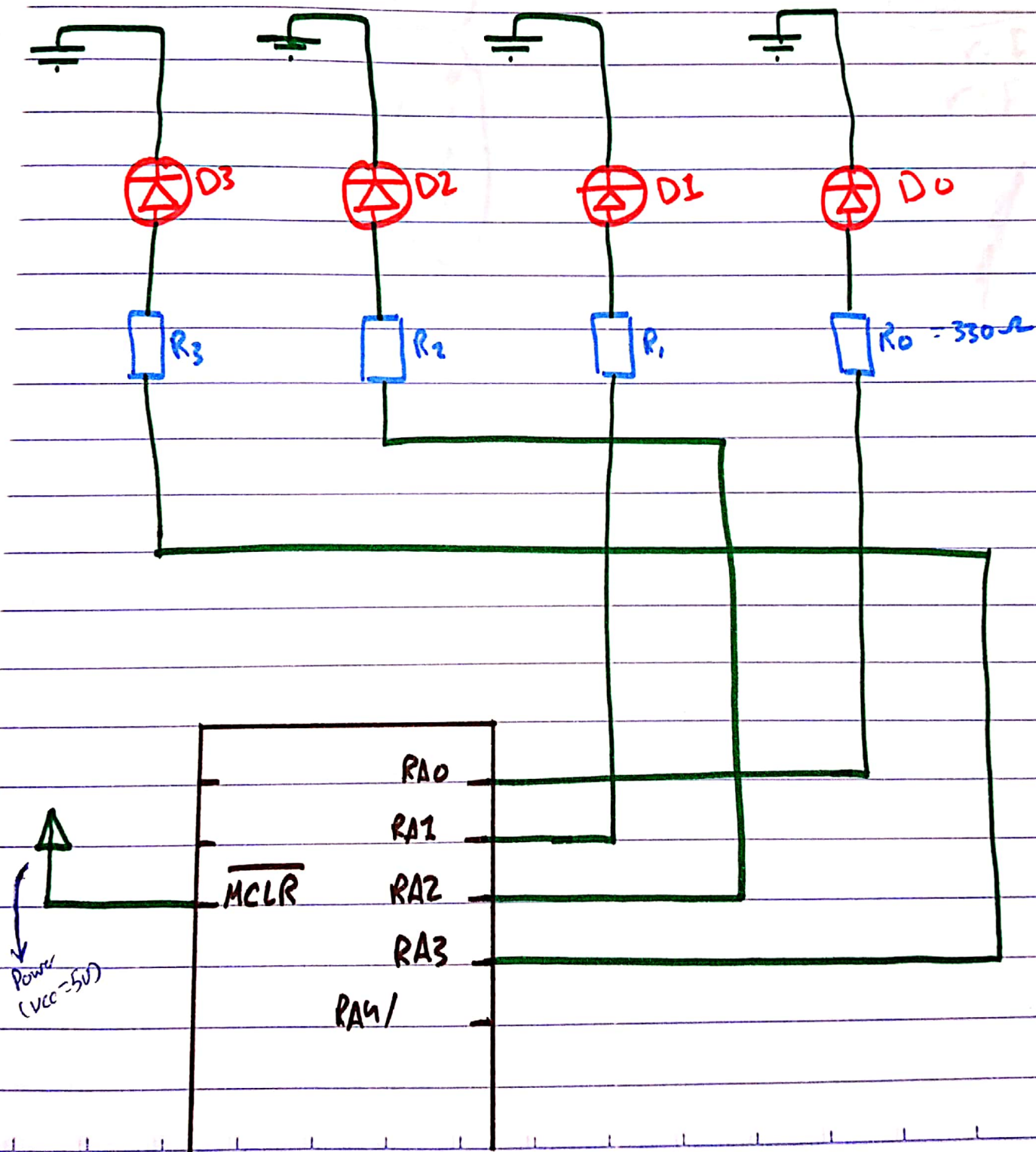
255 = 255

00000000 - Hex = 255

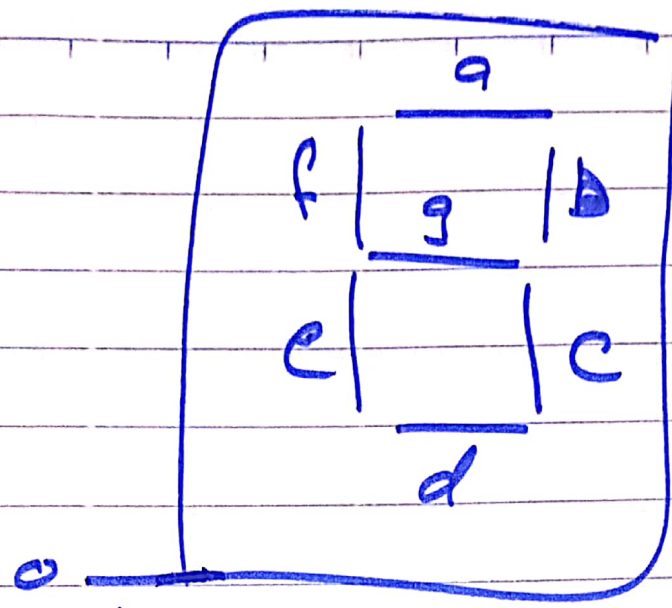
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0

ok

٤ هار التمثيل ال cat للمثال السابق ، كما أضيفت
 D3 D2 D1 D0 ← 2
 on off on off
 on off off on ← 9

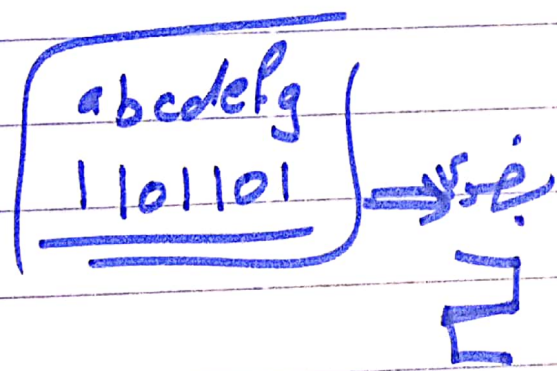


ok



Cathode → لازم
آودني 1
ل
مکان بخوري

- a RB0
- b RB1
- c RB2
- d RB3
- e RB4
- f RB5
- g RB6
- x RB7



=2
↓
a b g ed