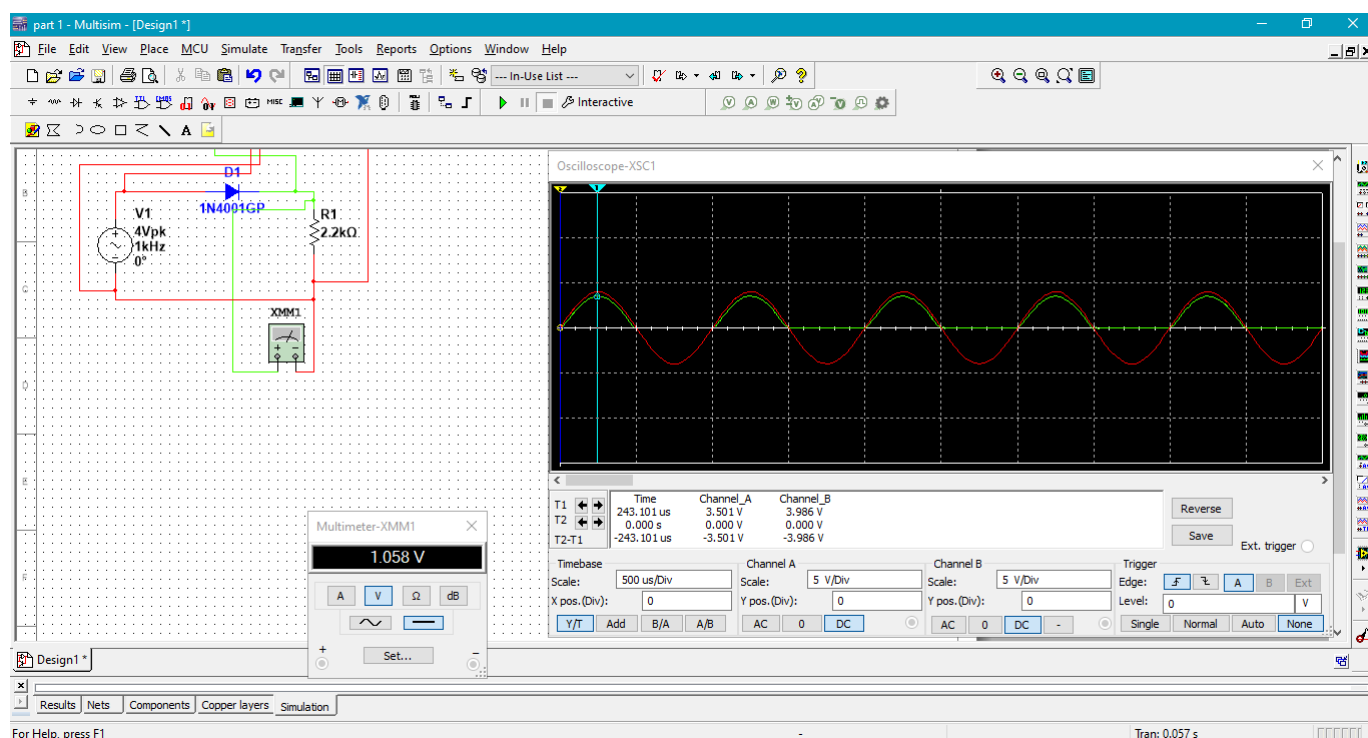
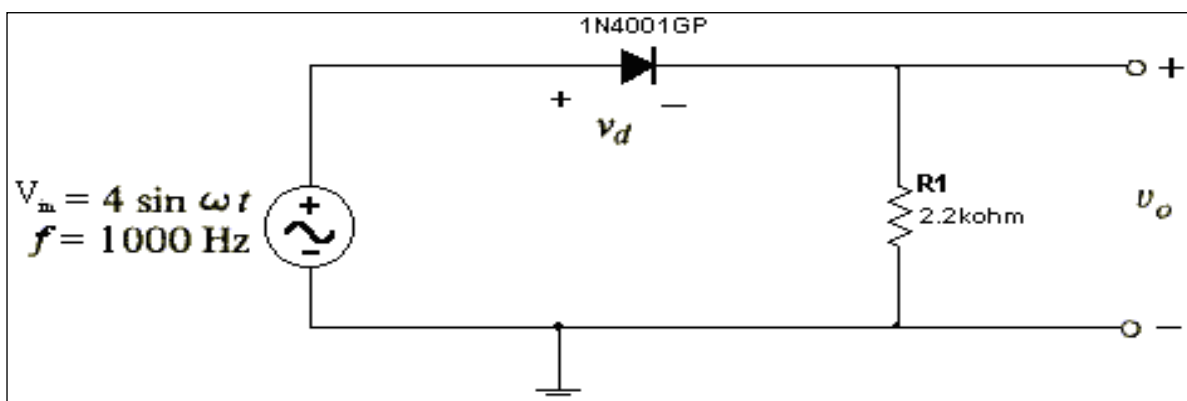


Electronics Lab Lab Session 2: Diode Applications

Students Names	Sandy Ghassan fathi	Rami yahia hasan
ID	1834471	1838264

Part 1: Half-Wave Rectification

1) Construct the circuit shown below and draw the input and output signal.



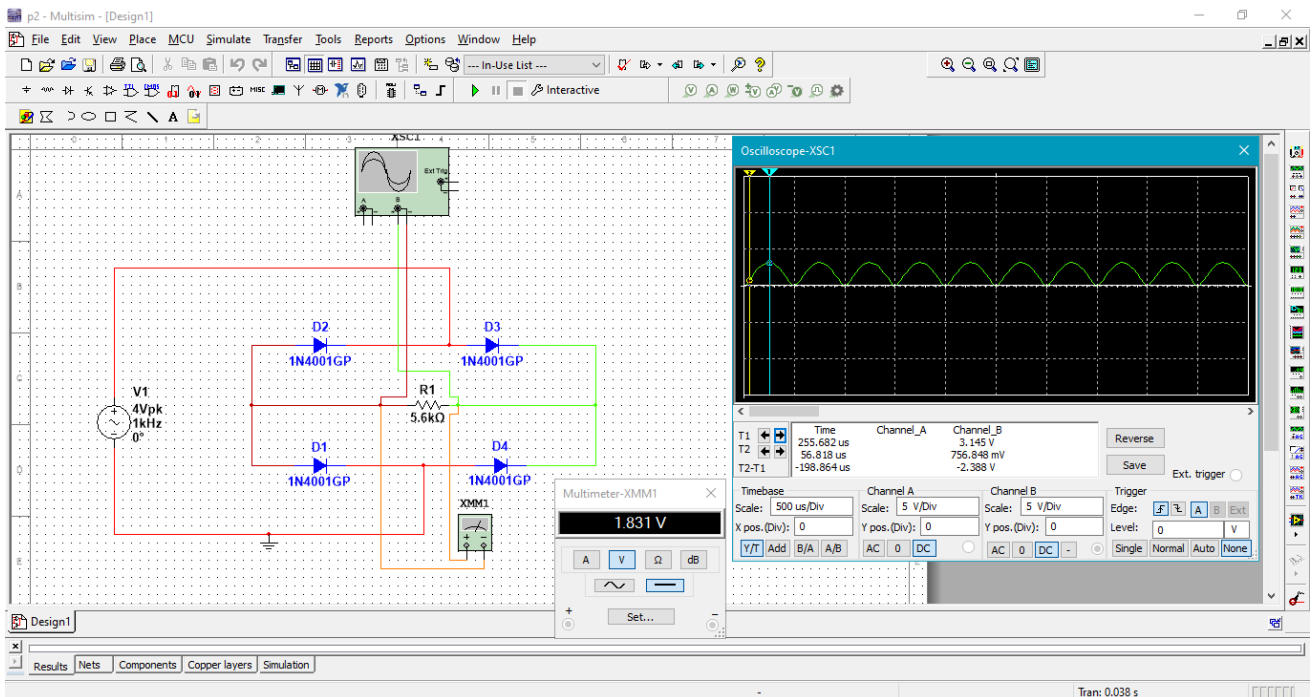
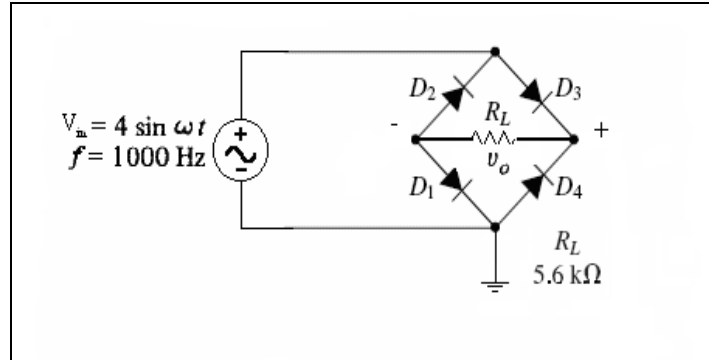
2) Measure the DC value of V_o using the DC scale in the DMM. $V_{ODC} = 1.058 \text{ v}$

3) For step 1, calculate the DC level of the output waveform.

$$V_{avg1} = \dots\dots\dots(3.501) \setminus \pi = 1.114 \text{ v} \dots\dots\dots$$

Part 2: Full-Wave Rectification

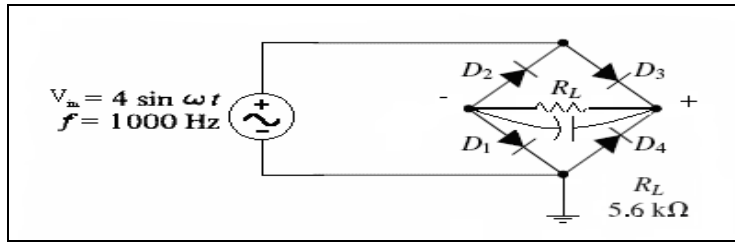
- 4) Construct the circuit shown below. Draw the output waveforms. Then,
- 5) Measure the DC load voltage using DMM. $V_{ODC} = \dots\dots\dots 1.831 \text{ v} \dots\dots\dots$



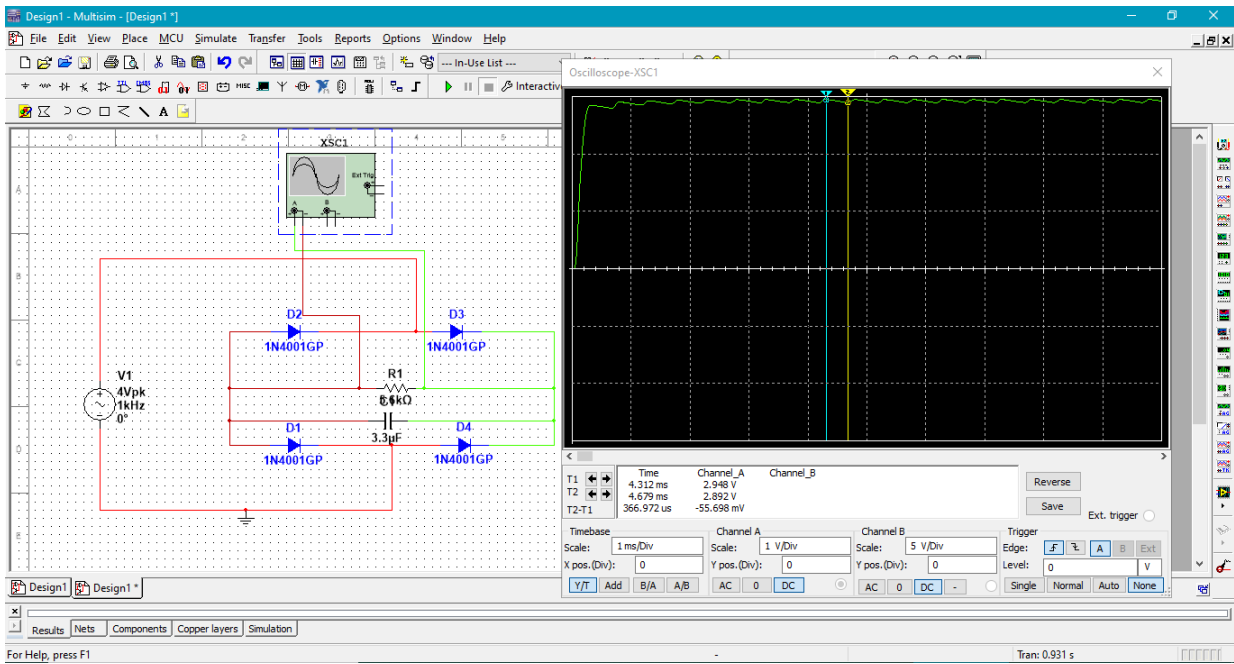
- 6) Calculate the DC level of the output waveform V_o .
 $V_{avg} = \dots\dots\dots 2(3.145) \backslash \pi = 2.002 \text{ v} \dots\dots\dots$

Part 3: Rectifier Filtering

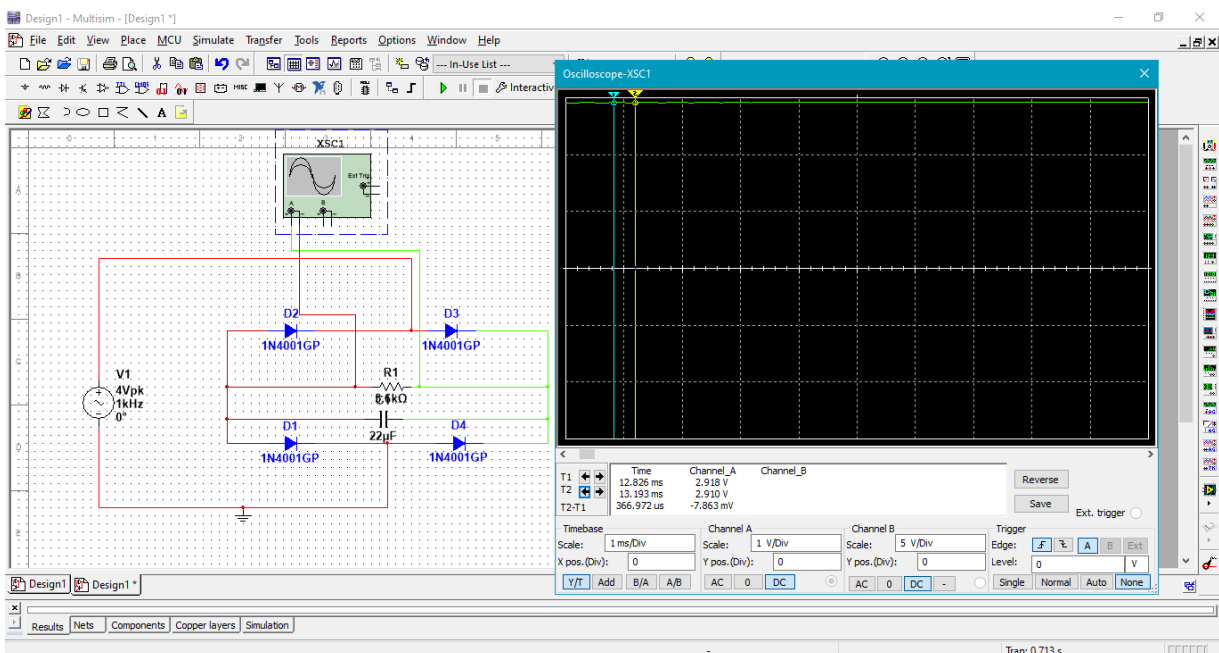
8) Construct the circuit shown below. Use the DMM to measure V_o , and record this value.



9) Use the oscilloscope to observe and measure the ripple voltage using $3.3 \mu\text{F}$.
 $V_r = \dots\dots\dots 2.948 - 2.892 = 0.056 \text{ v} \dots\dots\dots$

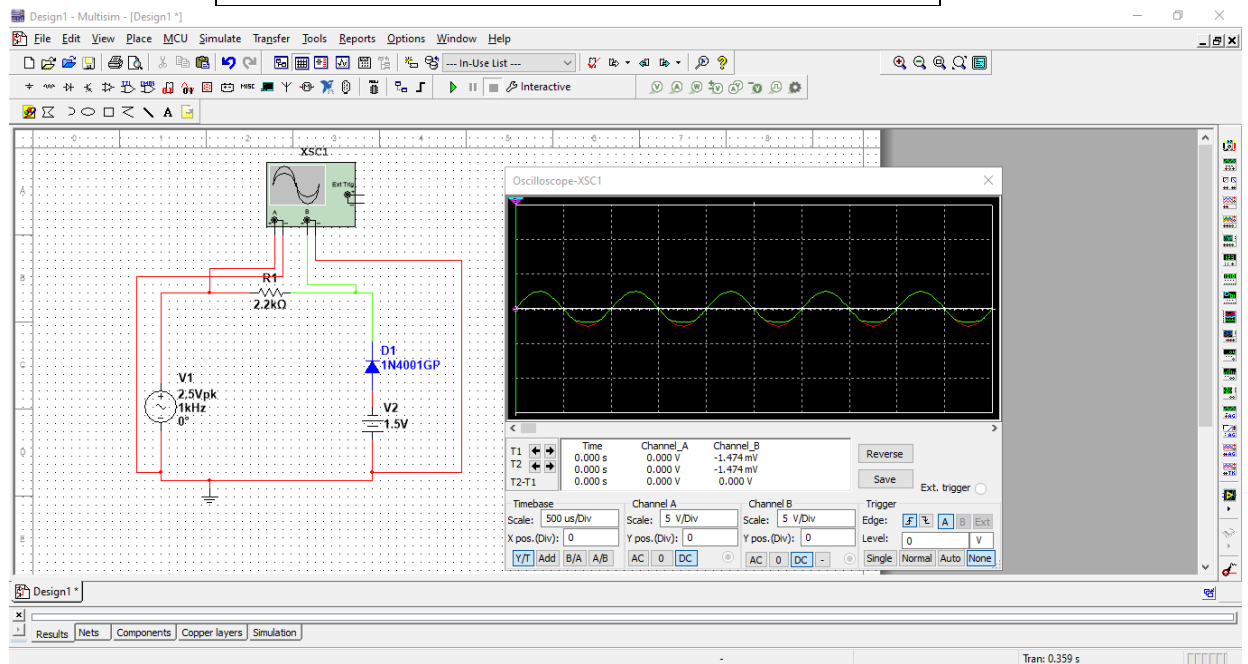
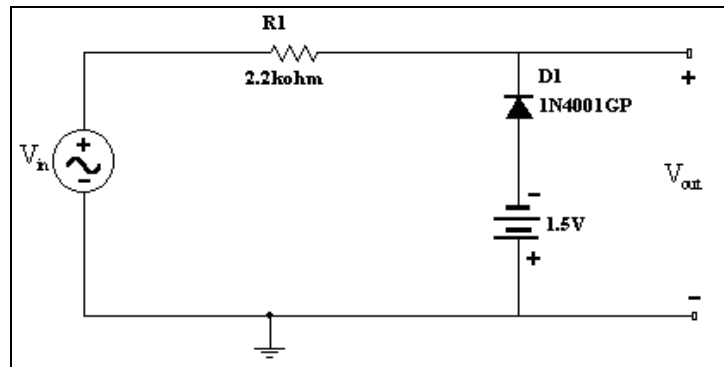


10) Use the oscilloscope to observe and measure the ripple voltage using $22 \mu\text{F}$.
 $V_r = \dots\dots\dots 2.918 - 2.910 = 0.008 \text{ v} \dots\dots\dots$



Part4: The Shunt Clipper with a DC Battery

1. Construct the circuit shown below. The input signal is $5 V_{p-p}$ sine wave at a frequency of 1KHz.
2. Draw the input and output signal.



Part 5: the Clamper circuit with DC Battery

1. Construct the circuit shown in the figure and Set the function generator to a 1 KHz, 5- V_{P-P} sine wave. Then sketch the output signal

